FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors

Omaha - Council Bluffs Metropolitan Area Planning Agency

Omaha, Nebraska

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Omaha – Council Bluffs Metropolitan Area Planning Agency (MAPA), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise MAPA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of MAPA, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 1 through 5 and 23 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise MAPA's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Government, and Non-Profit Organizations, and the Schedule of State of Iowa Financial Assistance are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Government, and Non-Profit Organizations, and the Schedule of State of Iowa Financial Assistance are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Hamilton associates, P.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2015, on our consideration of the MAPA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering MAPA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Council Bluffs, Iowa December 10, 2015



Connect. Plan. Thrive.

OMAHA-COUNCIL BLUFFS METROPOLITAN AREA PLANNING AGENCY

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2015 (Audited)

MAPA provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of financial activities is for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with our financial statements, which follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

MAPA's total governmental fund revenues were \$4,037,298 in fiscal year 2015, an increase of \$56,846 or 1% compared to fiscal year 2014. Increases in in-kind revenue and foundation funding, included in miscellaneous revenue, helped to offset reductions in funding from federal and state grants, local government support and charges for services. MAPA is currently implementing several large, long term studies. These studies vary in funding from year to year, a summary of some of these projects is included below. In 2015, approximately \$717,600 of federal funding was passed on to member jurisdictions.

		Tota	al Project	Project	Reve	enu				
Project Name	Funding Source		Cost	Years	2015		2014	Cha	ange from	Prior Year
MAPA	Department of			Annual	\$ 1,364,617	\$	952,271	\$	412,346	43%
Transportation	Transportation			funding						
Planning activities										
MAPA	Federal Transit			Annual	\$ 723,210	\$	401,350	\$	321,860	80%
Transportation	Administration			funding						
Planning activities										
Heartland 2050	Department of Housing	\$2.3	Million	2013-2015	530,741		1,063,748		(533,007)	-50%
Sustainability	and Urban Development									
Planning										
Carter Lake	Iowa Department of	\$3.9	Million	2011-2015	34,650		530,256		(495,606)	-93%
Restoration	Natural Resources,									
	Nebraska Department									
	of Environmental									
	Quality									
Brownfields	Environmental	\$	835,000	2013-2016	84,636		230,262		(145,626)	-63%
petroleum and	Protection Agency									
hazardous										
substance										
assessment										
Offut Airforce Base	Department of	\$	225,000	2014-2016	111,545		9,691		101,854	1051%
Joint Land Use	Defense									
Study										
					\$ 2,849,399	\$	3,187,578	\$	(338, 179)	-11%

MAPA's governmental fund expenditures were \$3,897,967 in fiscal year 2015, an increase of \$198,750 or 5% compared to fiscal year 2014. A significant percentage of this increase is from in-kind expense and increased tracking of those expenses.

The MAPA Foundation serves two primary functions: 1) it is designated as a Nonprofit Development Organization (NDO) and as such administers Community Development Block Grant (CBDG) loan programs 2) it supports the Metropolitan Area Motorist Assist program (MAMA). The MAMA program utilizes volunteers recruited and supervised by the Nebraska State Patrol to assist motorists stranded on the area's interstate and major highways. The volunteers help to alleviate the workload that would otherwise be the responsibility of local law enforcement. Providing timely and effective assistance to stranded motorists improves the safety and congestion on area metro roadways. The Foundation's total revenues in fiscal year 2015 were \$42,475 a decrease of \$71,712 or 63% compared to fiscal year 2014. In 2014, the Foundation received a foundation grant to be used for the Heartland 2050 project accounting for the decrease in revenue. The Foundation's total expenses in fiscal year 2015 were \$19,513 a decrease of \$17,346 or 47% compared to fiscal year 2014. The foundation did not purchase a vehicle for the MAMA program in 2015 contributing to the decrease in expense from 2014.

MAPA's net position increased 9% or \$162,297 from June 30, 2014 to June 30, 2015.

USING THIS MD&A ANNUAL REPORT

This MD&A annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of MAPA financial activities.

Financial Statements consist of Statement of Net Position, Statement of Activities. Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds, Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds, Statement of Net Position-Proprietary Fund, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Fund, Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund, Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets – Fiduciary Funds. These provide information about the activities of MAPA as a whole and present an overall view of MAPA.

The Notes to financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of MAPA's budget for the year, detail of the non-major funds and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

REPORTING FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements report information about MAPA as a whole, using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of MAPA's assets and liabilities. The purpose of this statement is to present a summary of MAPA to readers of the financial statements. The Statement of Activities accounts for all of current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Two government-wide financial statements report MAPA's net position and how they have changed for the period. Net position, the difference between MAPA's assets and liabilities, are one way to measure organizational financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are indicators of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about MAPA's funds, focusing on the most significant funds and not the organization as a whole. Funds are accounting devices used to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. MAPA has three types of Funds:

Government funds: Most of MAPA's funds are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can be converted to cash, flow in and out, and (2) the balances that are left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, governmental fund statements provide a detailed short term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the organization's programs.

Governmental funds include the General Fund along with the non-major Project Fund, the Officials Expense Fund and Revolving Loan Fund. Required financial statements for governmental funds include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

Enterprise funds include the MAPA Foundation and have business type activity.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary fund types are used to account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organization, other governmental units, and/or other funds. MAPA's fiduciary fund is presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements for the pension trust fund for the employees' retirement program.

Required financial statements for fiduciary funds include a Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets-Fiduciary Fund and related Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position-Fiduciary Funds.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Following is a summary of MAPA's net position for the year ended June 30, 2015 compared to June 30, 2014.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	June 30,						
		2015		2014		Change from Prior	
Non-capital Assets	\$	2,875,566	\$	3,292,700	\$	(417,134)	-13%
Capital Asset		51,227		40,868		10,359	25%
Total Assets	\$	2,926,793	\$	3,333,568	\$	(406,775)	-12%
					-		
Liabilities	\$	1,052,913	\$	1,621,985	\$	(569,072)	-35%
						_	
Net Position							
Investments in capital assets, net of							
related debt	\$	51,227	\$	40,868	\$	10,359	25%
Restricted		46,235		51,632		(5,397)	-10%
Unrestricted							
Designated		531,734		551,825		(20,091)	-4%
Undesignated		1,244,684		1,067,258		177,426	17%
Total net position	\$	1,873,880	\$	1,711,583	\$	162,297	9%
Total liabilities and net position	\$	2,926,793	\$	3,333,568	\$	(406,775)	-12%

The following summary is a comparison of the changes in net position for the years ending June 30, 2015 and 2014.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Year Ende	ed Jun	e 30,			
	 2015		2014	(Change from	Prior Year
Revenues						
Federal and state	\$ 2,920,534	\$	3,238,225	\$	(317,691)	-10%
Local governments	493,364		542,393		(49,029)	-9%
Charges for services	72,771		117,517		(44,746)	-38%
In-kind	459,994		77,265		382,729	495%
Investment income	5,697		2,726		2,971	109%
Business-type activities	42,480		114,187		(71,707)	-63%
Miscellaneous	 84,938		2,326		82,612	3552%
Total revenues	\$ 4,079,778	\$	4,094,639	\$	(14,861)	-0.36%
Expenses						
Forums	\$ 214,745	\$	148,140	\$	66,605	45%
Transportation Planning	2,333,354		1,065,244		1,268,110	119%
Regional assistance	474,212		1,047,802		(573,590)	-55%
Sustainability planning	603,782		1,305,228		(701,446)	-54%
Public invlolvement	96,769		51,626		45,143	87%
Administration	156,161		65,371		90,790	139%
Capital outlay	29,299		24,564		4,735	19%
Business-type activities	 19,513		36,859		(17,346)	-47%
Total Expenses	\$ 3,927,835	\$	3,744,834	\$	183,001	5%
Adjustment for Capital Expenses	10,354		8,758		1,596	18%
Changes in net position	\$ 162,297	\$	358,563	\$	(196,266)	-55%
Beginning net position	 1,711,583		1,353,020		358,563	27%
Ending net position	\$ 1,873,880	\$	1,711,583	\$	162,297	9%

The Summary of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position reflect an increase in the net position at the end of the fiscal year of \$162,297 or 9%. In 2015, MAPA was able to utilize in-kind expense as local match for its federal aid planning projects. This resulted in a positive change in net position.

CAPITAL ASSETS

MAPA net capital assets increased from \$40,868 to \$51,227 for the period ended June 30, 2015, an increase of \$10,359. In 2015, MAPA had \$29,299 in capital outlays for furniture, signage and computer software and equipment.

ECONOMIC FACTOR

MAPA relies on funding primarily from the U.S. Department of Transportation (USDOT). Continued funding of Transportation initiatives from USDOT and pass-through of those funds is necessary for MAPA to fulfill its mission.

CONTACTING MAPA FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our members, citizens and grant providers with a general overview of MAPA finances and operating activities. If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact the MAPA Executive Director, 2222 Cuming Street, Omaha NE 68102, (402)444-6866.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2015

ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Investments Accounts receivable Due from other governmental agencies Due from business-type activities Prepaid expenses Notes receivable Capital assets, net (Note 4)	\$ 864,352 354,161 96 1,016,137 5,754 77,727 - 51,227	\$ 298,129 - - - - - 259,210	\$ 1,162,481 354,161 96 1,016,137 5,754 77,727 259,210 51,227
Total assets	\$ 2,369,454	\$ 557,339	\$ 2,926,793
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable Due to other governmental agencies Due to governmental activities Compensated absences Accrued expenses Revolving loan fund Notes payable Total liabilities	\$ 207,584 267,514 - 47,137 51,051 - - \$ 573,286	\$ 372 - 5,754 - - 237,503 235,998 \$ 479,627	\$ 207,956 267,514 5,754 47,137 51,051 237,503 235,998 \$ 1,052,913
NET POSITION	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Investments in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Designated Undesignated	\$ 51,227 46,235 454,022 1,244,684	\$ - - 77,712	\$ 51,227 46,235 531,734 1,244,684
Total net position	\$ 1,796,168	\$ 77,712	\$ 1,873,880
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 2,369,454	\$ 557,339	\$ 2,926,793

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Prog	ram Revenues			
	Expenses	Charges fo	Operating or Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities Forums Transportation planning Regional assistance Sustainability planning Public involvement Administration	\$ 214,745 2,333,354 474,212 603,782 96,769 175,105	\$ 3,5 2,0 59,2 9 6,9	2,280,056 72 307,526 36 601,623	\$ (44,791) (51,263) (107,414) (1,223) (10,901) (126,089)	\$ - - - - - -	\$ (44,791) (51,263) (107,414) (1,223) (10,901) (126,089)
Total governmental activities	\$ 3,897,967	\$ 72,7	71 \$ 3,483,515	\$ (341,681)	\$ -	\$ (341,681)
Business-type Activities	19,513		42,475	<u> </u>	22,962	22,962
	\$ 3,917,480	\$ 72,7	71 \$ 3,525,990	\$ (341,681)	\$ 22,962	\$ (318,719)
	General Revenues Grants and specific p Interest inco Other rever Transfers	contributions programs ome	not restricted to	\$ 390,376 5,697 84,938 200	\$ - 5 - (200)	\$ 390,376 5,702 84,938
	Total gen	eral revenues		\$ 481,211	\$ (195)	\$ 481,016
	Change in net pos	sition		\$ 139,530	\$ 22,767	\$ 162,297
	Net position, begi	nning		1,656,638	54,945	1,711,583
	Net position, end	of year		\$ 1,796,168	\$ 77,712	\$ 1,873,880

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2015

	G	eneral Fund	Special enue Fund	on-major Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	795,543	\$ 22,574	\$ 46,235	\$	864,352
Investment		354,161	-	-		354,161
Accounts receivables		96	-	-		96
Due from other governmental agencies		973,804	42,333	-		1,016,137
Due from general fund		-	-	5,345		5,345
Due from special revenue fund		42,333				42,333
Due from proprietary fund		5,754	-	-		5,754
Prepaid expenses		77,727	 -	 		77,727
Total assets	\$	2,249,418	\$ 64,907	\$ 51,580	\$	2,365,905
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	207,584	\$ -	\$ -	\$	207,584
Due to other governmental agencies		267,514	-	-		267,514
Due to general fund		-	42,333	-		42,333
Due to non-major funds		5,345	-	-		5,345
Compensated absences		47,137	-	-		47,137
Accrued expenses		51,051	-	-		51,051
Total liabilities	\$	578,631	\$ 42,333	\$ -	\$	620,964
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 46,235	\$	46,235
Committed		355,000	-	-		355,000
Assigned		71,103	22,574	5,345		99,022
Unassigned		1,244,684	-	-		1,244,684
Total fund balances	\$	1,670,787	\$ 22,574	\$ 51,580	\$	1,744,941
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,249,418	\$ 64,907	\$ 51,580	\$	2,365,905

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Total fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 1,744,941
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds	51,227
Fund balances reported in the statement of net assets	\$ 1.796.168

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Total

\$ 139,530

		General	Rev	Special enue Fund		on-major Funds	Go	overnmental Funds
REVENUES								
Federal and state	\$	2,920,534	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,920,534
Local governments		448,177		319,651		-		767,828
Charges for services		72,771		-		-		72,771
In-kind		459,994		-		-		459,994
Investment income		5,692		-		5		5,697
Miscellaneous		84,938						84,938
Total revenues	\$	3,992,106	\$	319,651	\$	5	\$	4,311,762
EXPENDITURES								
Forums	\$	207,949	\$	-	\$	6,796	\$	214,745
Transportation planning		2,248,991		432,169		<i>,</i> -		2,681,160
Regional assistance		465,036		9,176		-		474,212
Sustainability planning		603,782		_		_		603,782
Public involvement		96,769		_		_		96,769
Administration		153,571		_		2,589		156,160
Capital outlay - Administration		29,299		_		-		29,299
Total expenditures	\$	3,805,397	\$	441,345	\$	9,385	\$	4,256,127
OT IED EINANGING COURSES (LIGES)								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	Φ	000	Φ.		Φ.	7.500	Φ	7 700
Transfers in	\$	200	\$	-	\$	7,583	\$	7,783
Transfers out		(7,583)				-		(7,583)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(7,383)	\$		\$	7,583	\$	200
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	179,326	\$	(121,694)	\$	(1,797)	\$	55,835
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		1,491,461		144,268		53,377		1,689,106
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$	1,670,787	\$	22,574	\$	51,580	\$	1,744,941
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES								
Net change in fund balances - total governmental fund	us						\$	55,835
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expending of activities the cost of those assets is allocated and reported as depreciation expense. This among capital outlays and depreciation.	over	their estimated	l usef	ul lives				10,354
Governmental funds operate on the modified accrual recognized when are collectible or payable in 60						eipts		73,341

See Notes to the Financial Statements

on long term receivables and payments on long term payables.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2015

ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash	\$ 298,129
Current maturities - notes receivable	 3,576
Total current assets	\$ 301,705
Non-current assets	
Notes receivable, less current maturities	\$ 255,634
,	 •
Total assets	\$ 557,339
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 372
Due to other funds	5,754
Current maturities - notes payable	-
Revolving loan fund	237,503
-	\$ 243,629
Non-current liabilities	
Notes payable, less current maturities	\$ 235,998
Total liabilities	\$ 479,627
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	\$ 77,712
Restricted	
Total net position	\$ 77,712
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 557,339

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Operating Revenues	
Contributions	\$ 36,471
Service fees	 6,004
Total operating revenues	\$ 42,475
Operating Expenses	
Motorist assist	\$ 8,223
Revolving loan administration	5,554
Sustainability project	5,402
Miscellaneous	 334
Total operating expenses	\$ 19,513
Operating income	\$ 22,962
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Interest income Transfers	\$ 5 (200)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	\$ (195)
Change in net assets	\$ 22,767
Net Position, beginning	 54,945
Net Position, ending	\$ 77,712

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from contributors	\$	36,471
Receipt for services		250
Additions to revolving loan fund		50,021
Payments for services		(13,932)
Payments to other funds		2
Net cash flow from operating activities	\$	72,812
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest	\$	5
Disbursements of notes receivable		(25,000)
Payments of notes receivable		14,899
Proceeds of long-term borrowings		-
Repayments on long-term borrowings		(6,556)
Not each provided by investing activities	\$	(16 652)
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u> </u>	(16,652)
Net increase in cash	\$	56,160
Cash, beginning of year		241,969
Cash, end of year	\$	298,129

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND June 30, 2015

ASSETS		
Investments		\$ 763,269
Receivables		
Employer	\$ 2,124	
Employee	1,613	
Participant loans	 3,339	
Total receivables		7,076
TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 770,345
NET POSITION Held in trust for pension benefits		\$ 770,345

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Additions		
Contributions		
Employer	\$	48,469
Plan members		36,955
Total contributions	\$	85,424
	_	
Investment earnings (losses)	\$	11,571
Loan interest		164
Total additions	\$	97,159
Deductions		
Benefits paid	\$	14,293
Forfeiture used to reduce employer contributions		2,469
Total deductions	\$	16,762
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	80,397
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	689,948
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	770,345

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Organization:

MAPA was established in June 1967, as a voluntary three-county regional council of governments under the Nebraska Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1963. The initial three counties comprising MAPA were Douglas and Sarpy counties in Nebraska, and Pottawattamie County in Iowa. Washington County, Nebraska and Mills County, Iowa entered into the Interlocal Cooperation Agreement in 1975 and 1976, respectively.

The operations of MAPA are financed through various federal and state grants and assessments to its members. The Interlocal Cooperation Agreement, as amended, provides that the assessments to each of the five participating counties be determined on a pro rata basis using population figures from the latest official census.

b. Reporting Entity:

MAPA has given consideration to potential component units for which it is financially accountable. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of the Organization's governing body and the ability of the MAPA to impose its will on that Organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the Organization. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present MAPA (the primary government) and its component unit. The component unit is included in MAPA's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with MAPA. The associated entity over which MAPA is considered to be financially accountable is included in MAPA's financial statements and is described below.

Blended Component Unit - The MAPA Foundation is a legally separate entity from MAPA, but is so intertwined with MAPA that it is, in substance, the same as the Organization. It is reported as a part of MAPA as a Proprietary Fund.

c. Financial Statements:

MAPA's financial statements include both government-wide (reporting MAPA as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting MAPA's major funds). Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either government or business type.

Government-Wide Statements:

In the statement of net assets, the governmental activities column is presented on a consolidated basis and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. MAPA's net assets are reported in three parts – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets.

The statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of MAPA's functions. General government revenues also support the functions. The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary grants while the capital grants reflect capital-specific grants.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue. The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of MAPA as an entity and the change in MAPA's net assets resulting from current year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements:

The financial transactions of MAPA are reported as individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in the governmental activities category. Non-major funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category) for the determination of major funds.

The following fund types are used by MAPA:

Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of MAPA.

General Fund – The primary operating fund is used to account for current financial resources not accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds – The special revenue fund consists of funding from local jurisdictions to support regional planning and GIS projects. The revolving loan fund consists of funding from various local jurisdictions available to provide loans to eligible businesses and economic development projects. The officials' expense provides for the funding and support of activities, travel, and other expenses related to the elected and appointed officials of MAPA or their designated alternate. Transfers to this fund are from earnings on treasury bills and various other non-governmental revenues.

MAPA designates fund balances in the Governmental Funds as follows:

Restricted - The fund balance is restricted by external impositions such as creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - The fund balance has been designated by the Board for a specific purpose.

Assigned - The fund balances has not been designated by the Board for a specific purpose, but has been separated based on the type of revenue.

Unassigned - The portion of the General Fund not restricted, committed, or assigned for a specific purpose.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Enterprise Funds:

MAPA Foundation - The MAPA Foundation provides for the funds and support of the safety program, Metro Area Motorist Assist Program, and for the education of local elected and appointed officials for alternative methods to deliver programs and projects. The Foundation is designated as a National Development Organization (NDO). As a NDO the Foundation administers Community Development Block Grant Loan programs.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support MAPA programs. The reporting focus is on net assets and changes in net assets and are reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

MAPA's fiduciary fund is presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements for the pension trust fund. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (pension participants) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

d. Basis of Accounting:

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual – The governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements and the fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Modified Accrual – The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e. both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred.

e. Investments:

Investments are stated at fair value. Investments in the Pension Trust Fund are carried at fair value and are administered by a third party.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

f. Capital Assets:

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: furniture, fixtures, and equipment at 5-7 years and automobiles at 5 years.

g. Accrued Compensated Absences:

Employees accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Vacation pay is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources and is reported as an expenditure and a liability of the General Fund. Accumulated sick pay is recorded at the maximum amount allowed as a termination payment, using the termination payment method.

h. Budgets:

The board of directors adopts an annual budget for its General Fund. The amount appropriated for expenditures represents the expenditure limit. Original appropriations are modified by transfers among budget categories or by increases in funding sources. The board of directors approves the original budget and all significant changes.

i. Income Taxes:

MAPA is a governmental subdivision of the State of Nebraska and, accordingly, no provision for federal or state income taxes is required.

j. Reported Reimbursable Costs:

Revenue is received from federal, state, and county sources, and is based on reported costs as defined by the funding sources and on provision of services. The accompanying financial statements reflect reported costs, which are subject to review by the funding sources and contractors. In the opinion of management, reported costs represent proper costs as defined by funding contract criteria and the various funding sources or contractors have questioned no amounts reported at June 30, 2015.

k. Accounting Estimates:

The preparation of purpose financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

I. Subsequent Events:

MAPA has evaluated subsequent events through December 10, 2015, the date on which the financial statements were issued. MAPA has concluded there are no subsequent events, which have occurred from June 30, 2015 through December 10, 2015 which require additional disclosure.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 2. Cash and Short-term Investments

a. Deposits:

At year end, MAPA's carrying amount of deposits was \$291,058. The bank balances for all funds totaled \$670,755. For purposes of classifying categories of custodial risk, the bank balances of MAPA's deposits, as of June 30, 2015, \$328 held with Paypal were not insured or collateralized.

MAPA also had \$871,303 deposited in the Nebraska Public Agency Investment Trust (NPAIT). NPAIT is a public entity investment pool operated under the direction of a seven member Board of Trustees. Securities held by NPAIT are not held in MAPA's name, are held in a pooled fund and, therefore, are not categorized as to credit risk.

b. Investments:

As of June 30, 2015, MAPA had the following investments.

Investment Name	Maturity	Credit Rating		Fair Value
Certificate of Deposit	8/31/2015	N/A	\$	98,308
Certificate of Deposit	9/11/2017	N/A		100,480
Certificate of Deposit	7/23/2019	N/A		106,236
Certificate of Deposit	5/1/2020	N/A		49,137
			\$	354,161

Interest Rate Risk – MAPA's investment goal, as a political subdivision, is to focus on minimizing risk, rather than maximizing funds. In order to control interest rate risk MAPA's investment policy limits the maturity of its investments. The maturity date of any investment shall not exceed ten years. Funds restricted for agency closing costs shall have the following limitations related to maturity dates: At least 25% shall have a maturity date of two years or less. At least 50% shall have a maturity date of 5 years or less.

Credit Risk - State law limits requires all investments to be fully insured or collateralized. MAPA's investment policy limits its investment choices to certificates of deposit, treasury bonds and notes, and NPAIT deposit accounts. The chart above notes the Moody's Investors Service credit ratings as of June 30, 2015.

Concentration of Credit Risk - MAPA places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. All of MAPA's investments are in Certificates of Deposit as of June 30, 2015.

<u>Investments in Employee's Retirement System:</u>

Investments in the employees' retirement system are carried at fair value. At June 30, 2015, the balances of investments in the employees' retirement system were \$770,345. The investments consist of mutual funds and similar pooled arrangements and, therefore, are not categorized as to credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 3. Notes Receivable, Notes Payable and Revolving Loan Fund

The MAPA Foundation contracts with its members to administer their Community Development Block Grant loan programs. As part of the grant, federal funds are loaned to eligible businesses for business growth and development. MAPA disbursed \$25,000 to local businesses as loans for the year ending June 30, 2015. The loans are lent at 0% interest. As of June 30, 2015, \$259,210 remained in notes receivable of which \$235,998 may be forgiven at the completion of a successful job maintenance period. As of June 30, 2015, MAPA owed the state fund \$235,998, which may be forgiven at the completion of a successful job maintenance period. The other half is deposited into an interest bearing account in MAPA's name. As of June 30, 2015, MAPA had collected \$237,503 for revolving fund loans from multiple projects. The funds MAPA collects on the second set of loans is then considered unrestricted.

Note 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

		Beginning					Ending
		Balance		Additions		Disposals	Balance
Furniture,	•						_
fixtures, and equipment	\$	134,350	\$	29,299	\$	(19,679)	\$ 143,970
Automobiles		23,030	_		_		23,030
	\$	157,380	\$	29,299	\$	(19,679)	\$ 167,000
Less Accumulated							
Depreciation		(116,512)		(18,940)	_	19,679	(115,773)
	\$	40,868	\$	10,359	\$		\$ 51,227

Note 5. Retirement Plan

In June 1976, the board of directors approved the MAPA employees' retirement program (a money-purchase pension plan). This plan, known as the MAPA Pension Trust, is a defined contribution plan. Participation in the plan is mandatory for employees hired after July 1, 1976. A minimum of 9.5% of each eligible employee's annual compensation is contributed to the plan. 5.5% of the contribution is made by MAPA and the employee makes 4%. Employees may also make voluntary contributions not to exceed an additional 6% of their annual compensation. The current year covered payroll was \$875,020 and the total current year payroll was \$980,296. At June 30, 2015, the retirement plan had assets with a fair value of \$770,345. The participants are 100% vested in employee contributions. Employer contributions vest over a five-year period. During the current year the employer contributed \$48,469. The employees contributed \$36,955, of which \$35,372 (4.0% of covered payroll) was regular contributions and \$1,583 was employee voluntary contributions and sick leave paid out.

Note 6. Deferred Compensation Plan

MAPA sponsors a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all MAPA employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, total and permanent disability, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The plan assets are held in trust by a third party for the employees and are not reflected in these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 7. Lease Commitments

MAPA leases office space and one piece of equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. The scheduled future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2016	\$ 74,784
2017	 76,138
	\$ 150.922

Lease expenditures paid were \$73,459 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Note 8. Net Position

Restricted and designated net position as of June 30, 2015 is as follows:

		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
Restricted	Revolving Loan Fund	\$ 46,235	\$	\$46,235	
	Foundation grants				
Unrestricted,	Designated				
	Projected agency operating and closing costs in the event MAPA would cease operations	355,000		355,000	
	Local match for federal aid projects	22,701		22,701	
	Nebraska-Iowa Regional Orthophotography Consortium (NIROC)	57,971		57,971	
	Heartland Active Transportation Summit	13,005		13,005	
	Officials Expense Fund	5,345		5,345	
Metropolitan Area Motorist Assist (MAMA)	·		77,712	77,712	
	Totals	\$ 454,022	\$77,712	\$ 531,734	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 9. Transfers

Transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

	Transfers from							
	·	_						
Transfers to	Gen	General Fund		Fund		Total		
General Fund	\$	-		\$	200	\$	200	
Special Revenue Fund		-			-		-	
Non-Major Funds		7,583					7,583	
	\$	7,583		\$	200	\$	7,783	

Transfers from the General Fund to the Non-Major Funds consisted of \$7,583 for the Officials Fund. Transfers of \$200 from the Proprietary Fund to the General Fund was for prior year Revolving Loan administration fee.

Note 10. Risk Management

MAPA is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors or omissions, injuries to employees, and risks normally associated with a governmental subdivision. These risks are transferred to independent insurance carriers and no self-insurance program is maintained by MAPA beyond normal insurance policy deductible provisions.

Note 11. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

MAPA participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. Compliance with the grants is subject to audit by various government agencies, which may impose sanctions in the event of noncompliance. Management believes that they have complied with all aspects of the various grant provisions and the results of adjustments, if any, relating to such audits would be immaterial to the accompanying combined financial statements.

COMPARISON OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget Original	· ·		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES Federal and state	\$ 4,308,386	\$ 4,308,386	\$ 2,920,534	\$ (1,387,852)		
Local governments	479,893	1,054,434	448,177	(606,257)		
Charges for services	236,500	101,500	72,771	(28,729)		
In-kind	574,541	314,250	459,994	145,744		
Investment income	-	7,600	5,692	(1,908)		
Miscellaneous		45,500	84,938	39,438		
Total revenues	\$ 5,599,320	\$ 5,831,670	\$ 3,992,106	\$ (1,839,564)		
EXPENDITURES						
Forums	\$ 172,394	\$ 221,769	\$ 207,949	\$ 13,820		
Transportation planning	3,594,778	3,735,384	2,248,991	1,486,393		
Regional assistance	1,106,750	1,106,750	465,036	641,714		
Sustainability planning	547,900	596,519	603,782	(7,263)		
Public involvement	119,425	105,050	96,769	8,281		
Administration	58,073	66,198	182,870	(116,672)		
Total expenditures	\$ 5,599,320	\$ 5,831,670	\$ 3,805,397	\$ 2,026,273		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 200	\$ 200		
Transfers out			(7,583)	(7,583)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (7,383)	\$ (7,383)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 179,326	\$ 179,326		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	1,491,461	1,491,461	1,491,461			
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,491,461	\$ 1,491,461	\$ 1,670,787	\$ 179,326		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2015

ASSETS		lving Loan Fund	Officials Expense Fund		Total Non- major Funds	
Cash and cash equivalents Due from general fund	\$	46,235	\$	- 5,345	\$	46,235 5,345
Total assets	\$	46,235	\$	5,345	\$	51,580
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted	\$	46,235	\$	-	\$	46,235
Assigned		-		5,345		5,345
Total fund balances	\$	46,235	\$	5,345	\$	51,580
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	46,235	\$	5,345	\$	51,580

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Revolving Loan Fund		Officials Expense Fund		Total Non- major Funds	
REVENUES						
Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 	5 	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 	5
Total revenues	\$	5_	\$	-	\$	5
EXPENDITURES						
Forums	\$	-	\$	6,796	\$	6,796
Administration				2,589		2,589
Total expenditures	\$		\$	9,385	\$	9,385
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$	-		7,583	\$	7,583
Transfers out		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$		\$	7,583	\$	7,583
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	5	\$	(1,802)	\$	(1,797)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		46,230		7,147		53,377
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$	46,235	\$	5,345	\$	51,580

SCHEDULE OF STATE OF IOWA FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Iowa Department of Economic Development

Iowa Councils of Governments Assistance Contract Number: 2014-COG-01

\$ 11,765

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	CFDA		penditures
Economic Development Administration, Department of Commerce Direct Program				
Economic Development Support for Planning Organizations	11.302	05-83-05173	\$	60,000
Total Economic Development Administration			\$	60,000
Department of Defense				
Direct Programs				
Community Economic Adjustment Assistance for Compatible Use and Joint Land Use Studies	12.610	EN1317-14-01	\$	111,545
Total Department of Defense			\$	111,545
Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Direct Programs				
Sustainable Communities Regional Planning Grant Program	14.703	NERIP0061-11	\$	530,741
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development			\$	530,741
U.C. Domenton of Tourness and the				
U.S. Department of Transportation Direct Program				
Federal Transit Cluster				
Federal Transit Capital Investment Grants	20.500	NE-04-0006-00	\$	13,126
Transit Service Program Cluster				
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	20.513	NE-16-x039-00	\$	148,901
Job Access-Reverse Commute	20.516	NE-37-x008-03		190,541
New Freedom Program	20.521	NE-57-x008-01		17,047
Public Transportation Research, Technical Assistance				
and Training	20.514	NE-26-0004-00	\$	40,221
Passed-Through				
Nebraska Department of Roads				
Metropolitan Transportation Planning	20.505	C990(015)	\$	256,563
Iowa Department of Transpiration		, ,		
Metropolitan Transportation Planning	20.505	15MPO-MAPA	\$	34,378
Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.509	15RPA-18		22,433
Total Federal Transit Administration			\$	723,210
Passed-Through				
Nebraska Department of Roads				
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	VL1401	\$	1,031,823
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	BM1188		3,444
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	BM1203 BN1213		7,837 90,423
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	BM1213 BM1227		90,423 1,915
lowa Department of Transportation	20.200	DIVITZE1		1,010
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	15MPO-MAPA	\$	72,687
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	15RPA-18	•	3,850
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	14-ICAAP-04		152,638
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			\$	1,364,617

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	CFDA		penditures_
Environmental Protection Agency				
Direct Program				
Brownfields Assessment and Cleanup Cooperative	66.818	BF-97727801-0	\$	59,405
Agreements	66.818	BF-97727901-0		25,231
Passed-Through				
Nebraska Department of Environmental Quality				
Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants	66.460	56-1082		17,325
Iowa Department of Natural Resources				
Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants	66.460	ESD7150RGLAZA110223		17,325
Total Environmental Protection Agency			\$	119,286
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	2,909,399

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The supplementary schedule of expenditures of federal awards relates to the federal grant programs which are administered by the Omaha – Council Bluffs Metropolitan Areal Planning Agency. The programs' accounting records are maintained on the accrual method of accounting. Grant revenue is recognized when the grant funds are earned and expenditures are recognized when the obligation is incurred.

The information presented in the schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations". Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

Expenses are subject to audit by the U.S. Government, and in the opinion of management, disallowed costs, if any, will not have a material effect on the financial position of the Omaha – Council Bluffs Metropolitan Area Planning Agency or its federal grant programs.

Note 2. Subrecipients

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, Omaha – Council Bluffs Metropolitan Area Planning agency provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	CFDA	Amount
Sustainable Communities Regional Planning Grant Program	14.703	\$ 15,420
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	512,778
Metropolitan Transportation Planning	20.505	100,000
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	20.513	122,409
Job Access-Reverse Commute	20.516	173,101
New Freedom Program	20.521	17,047
Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants	66.460	34,650
Brownfields Assessment and Cleanup Cooperative Agreements	66.818	4,730
		\$ 980,135

Note 3. Loans Outstanding

The MAPA Foundation had the following loan balance outstanding at June 30, 2015. These loan programs are also included in the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule of Federal Awards.

Program Title_	CFDA	Amount
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program	14.228	\$ 235,998



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH "GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS"

To the Board of Directors

Omaha – Council Bluffs Metropolitan Area Planning Agency

Omaha, Nebraska

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Omaha – Council Bluffs Metropolitan Area Planning Agency (MAPA) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered MAPA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of MAPA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of MAPA's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether MAPA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Council Bluffs, Iowa December 10, 2015

Hamilton associates, P.C.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Directors

Omaha – Council Bluffs Metropolitan Area Planning Agency

Omaha, Nebraska

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Omaha – Council Bluffs Metropolitan Area Planning Agency's (MAPA) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of MAPA's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. MAPA's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of MAPA's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about MAPA's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of MAPA's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, MAPA complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of MAPA is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered MAPA's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of MAPA's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Council Bluffs, Iowa December 10, 2015

Hamilton associates, P.C.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

I. Summary of Auditor's Results:

Financial Statements:

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified: No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:

Federal Awards:

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified: No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?

No

1,364,617

Identification of major programs:

Highway Planning and Construction 20.205

Job Access-Reverse Commute and New Freedom Program 20.513, 20.516,

Cluster 20.521 356,498

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

type A and type B programs: \$ 300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

II. Financial Statement Findings

None reported

III. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

None reported